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(71) Applicant

**Auto Turned Product (Northants) Limited** 

(Incorporated in United Kingdom)

Wycliffe Works, Wycliffe Road, Northampton

(72) Inventor Arthur George Edge

(74) Agent and/or Address for Service Northumberland House, 303-306 High Holborn, London WC1V 7LE

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(56) Documents cited

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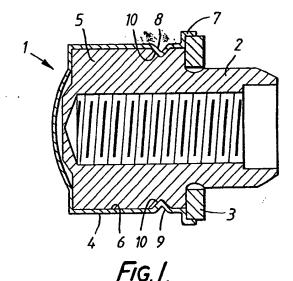
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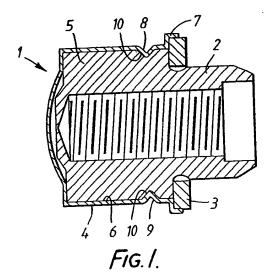
Selected US specifications from IPC sub-class F16B

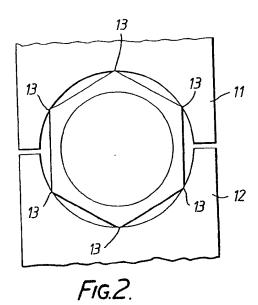
## (54) Decorative nut, bolt or screw

(57) A nut, bolt or screw, e.g. a steel wheel nut (2) is fitted with a decorative, e.g. stainless steel, cap 4. The cap has an internal polygonal profile to match that of the nut and is retained by deforming the cap 4 inwardly by staking (8) at each apex. of the nut. The metal of the nut (2) is deformed by the staking. Staking is accomplished by means of semicircular dies in a press. The captive washer (3) is still free to rotate.



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## **SPECIFICATION**

#### Decorated nut bolt or screw

5 This invention relates to a decorated nut, bolt or screw, that is to say a nut, bolt or screw having an appearance in the head region dictated by aesthetic as well as functional requirements.

Decorated nuts, bolts, or screws are used in applications where the appearance of a plain steel nut, bolt or screw or a plain steel nut, bolt or screw coated predominately with a view to preventing rust is not acceptable. A
 typical use is as the wheel retaining nuts, bolts or screws of a motor vehicle.

In the prior art it is known to apply a decorative plated finish, e.g. a chromium plated finish to a steel nut, bolt or washer to provide

20 the desired decorative effect. However, such plated finishes are commonly damaged during routine wheel changing operations, resulting in unslightly rusting of the underlying steel. It has also been proposed to provide a nut, bolt or

25 screw with a decorative plastics cap which is a push fit over the head of the nut. However, such plastic caps have the disadvantage that they must be removed before a wheel brace can be applied to the head of the retaining

30 nut, bolt or screw. Caps thus removed are often not replaced by the person removing them, or are replaced insecurely with the result that they subsequently become detached and lost. Further, such plastic caps do not

35 readily admit to providing a decorative reflective metal surface able to withstand the harsh environmental conditions to which wheel retaining nuts, bolts or screws are subjected.

It has been proposed to furnish the head of 40 a wheel nut with a stainless steel cap which is welded to the underlying steel of the nut. However, such welding operation is complex and expensive, and is especially difficult to carry into effect when the stainless steel cap 45 is of relatively thin gauge material.

According to one aspect of the present invention there is provided a nut, bolt or screw having a polygonal head covered by a decorative metal cap, the cap having a polygonal

50 internal surface which mates with the polygonal head and being permanently attached to the polygonal head by staking of the metal of the cap into interferring engagement with the head at least at some of the apices of the

55 polygon.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a method of making a decorated nut, bolt or screw comprising providing a nut, bolt or screw having a poly-60 gonal head; providing a decorative metal cap having an internal polygonal surface complementary to the polygonal head; locating the decorative metal cap on the polygonal head; and staking the metal of the cap into interferring engagement with the head at least at

some of the apices of the polygon. Preferably, no mating groove is preformed in the polygonal head to receive the staked metal of the cap, but rather staking is accomplished with 70 sufficient force to deform the metal of the head to provide a groove into which metal of the cap is staked. Preferably the cap is staked at all apices of the polygon, and this is conveniently achieved by using a pair of substantially semi-circular dies which are closed to substantially define a circle and simultaneously stake all apices of the polygon.

It has been found, surprisingly, that staking of the cap to the underlying nut, bolt or screw only at the apices of the polygon, without preforming a groove or notch in the underlying head results in an extremely rigid and permanent connection between the cap and the underlying head.

The invention will be better understood from the following description of a preferred embodiment thereof, given by way of example only, reference being had to the accompanying drawing wherein:

90 Figure 1 illustrates in axial cross-section a preferred embodiment of the invention; and Figure 2 illustrates schematically a method of staking.

Referring now to the drawing there is

95 shown a decorative wheel nut 1 for a motor
car comprising a steel nut 2 having a captively
retained screw 3 and a stainless steel decorative cap 4. The nut 2 has a head 5 of conventional hexagonal profile, and the internal
100 surface 6 of the cap 5 is hexagonal and
closely mates with the hexagonal external surface of the head 5. The cap 4 includes a skirt
7 which is a clearance fit over the washer 3
and which accordingly hides the washer 3
105 from view without interferring with the operation of the washer 3.

The cap 4 is retained on the head 5 solely by staking at the apices of the hexagon. Fig. 1 is a section taken on the line connecting to 110 dimetrically opposed apices of the nut 2 and shows the stainless steel material of the cap staked inwardly at 8, 9 into interfering engagement with the underlying metal of the nut 2. Prior to assembly of the cap 4 onto the nut 2 no groove or notch is provided at the

apices of the nut 2 to accommodate the inwardly staked material of the cap 4. However, staking is accomplished with sufficient force to form, at each apex of the nut, a small groove 10 into which material of the cap is received. The size of the grooves 10 has

received. The size of the grooves 10 has been somewhat exaggerated in the drawing in the interests of clarity.

Staking at all six apices of the hexagon can conveniently be accomplished using a pair of substantially semi-circular dies 11, 12 located in a suitable press. A nut 2, with a cap 4 pressed onto the head 5 is inserted between the dies in the orientation shown in Fig. 2,

130 and the dies are closed to simultaneously

stake the metal of the cap inwardly at the apices 13 of the hexagon. In this manner, a high staking force can readily be applied simultaneously to all apices of the nut, resulting in rapid and permanent staking of the cap onto the head 5.

Whilst the invention has been described with particular reference to the application of a stainless steel cap to a wheel nut, it will be 10 appreciated that it is generally applicable to securing any suitable metal cap to the polygonal head of any nut, bolt or screw.

#### CLAIMS

- A nut, bolt, or screw having a polygonal head covered by a decorative metal cap, the cap having a polygonal internal surface which mates with the polygonal head and being permanently attached to the polygonal head by staking of the metal of the cap into interferring engagement with the head at least at some of the apices of the polygon.
  - 2. A nut, bolt or screw according to claim 1 wherein the metal cap is of stainless steel.
- 3. A nut, bolt, or screw according to claim 1 or claim 2 wherein the nut, bolt or screw is provided with a washer, and the decorative metal cap extends over the washer but does not prevent rotation of the washer relative to 30 the nut, bolt or screw.
  - 4. A nut, bolt, or screw according to claim 4 wherein the decorative metal cap includes a generally cylindrical skirt which surrounds the washer.
- 35 5. A nut, bolt, or screw according to any preceding claim wherein the cap is generally cup-shaped and the staking is provided adjacent the open end of the cap.
- 6. A method of making a decorative nut, 40 or screw comprising providing a nut, bolt or screw having a polygonal head; providing a decorative metal cap having an internal polygonal surface complementary to the polygonal head; locating the decorative metal cap on the 45 polygonal head; and staking the metal of the cap into interferring engagement with the head at least at some of the apices of the polygon.
- 7. A method according to claim 6 wherein no groove to receive the metal of the cap is 50 pre-formed in the head of the nut, bolt or screw, but rather the staking is accomplished with sufficient force to deform the metal of the head to provide a groove into which the metal of the cap is staked.
- 8. A method according to claim 6 or claim 7 wherein all apices of the polygon are staked simultaneously.
- A method according to claim 8 wherein the staking is carried out by means of a pair
   of substantially semi-circular dies.
  - A method of making a decorative nut, bolt or screw substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the drawing.
- A decorative nut, bolt or screw sub stantially as hereinbefore described with refer-

ence to the drawing.

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